



Research Article

DOI : 10.15740/HAS/AJSS/12.2/314-319

Soil fertility status and nutrient index for primary nutrients in Western Ghats and Coastal Karnataka under different agro-ecological systems

■ SIDHARAMPATIL, K. S. ANIL KUMAR AND C. A. SRINIVASAMURTHY

Received : 30.10.2017; Revised : 15.11.2017; Accepted : 24.11.2017

MEMBERS OF RESEARCH FORUM:

Corresponding author :

SIDHARAM PATIL, University of Agricultural Sciences, BENGALURU (KARNATAKA) INDIA
Email: patilsidhu01@gmail.com

Co-authors :

K.S. ANIL KUMAR, ICAR-National Bureau of Soil Survey and Land Use Planning, BENGALURU (KARNATAKA) INDIA

C. A. SRINIVASAMURTHY, University of Agricultural Sciences, BENGALURU (KARNATAKA) INDIA

Summary

Study was undertaken in Western Ghats and Coastal area in Karnataka state, India with the aim of evaluating the fertility status of soils using nutrient index approach, mainly for primary nutrients. Based on fertility ratings, pH of soils was strongly acidic to moderately acidic. Electrical conductivity was normal ($<1.0 \text{ dS m}^{-1}$). Soil organic carbon was medium to high. Primary nutrient status *i.e.*, N, P and K were low in $>60\%$ samples. Whereas, $>80\%$ of samples were low in exchangeable Ca, Mg and available S content. Among the micronutrients Cu and B were found to be low in $>70\%$ of samples, whereas Fe, Mn and Zn were adequate in $>85\%$ of samples. Nutrient index value for major nutrients (available N, available P and available K) was found to be low (<1.67 range).

Key words : Fertility, Primary, Nutrient index, Micronutrients

How to cite this article : Patil, Sidharam, Kumar, K.S. Anil and Srinivasamurthy, C.A. (2017). Soil fertility status and nutrient index for primary nutrients in Western Ghats and Coastal Karnataka under different agro-ecological systems. *Asian J. Soil Sci.*, 12 (2) : 314-319 : DOI : 10.15740/HAS/AJSS/12.2/314-319.